



Human HSP27 ELISA Kit

Vertrieb:

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Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information.
Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

The datasheet is only a first information.
The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

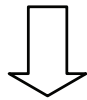
Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

Assay Summary

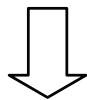
Add 50 μ l of Standard/ Sample per well.
Incubate 2 hours.



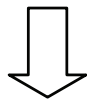
Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Biotinylated Antibody per well.
Incubate 2 hours.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
SP Conjugate per well.
Incubate 30 minutes.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Chromogen Substrate per well.
Incubate 15 minutes.



Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well.
Read at 450 nm immediately.

Assay Template

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A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H			

AssayMax Human Heat Shock Protein 27 (HSP27) ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EH5001-1
Sample Insert/Reference Only

Introduction

Heat shock proteins are molecular chaperones that have an ability to protect proteins from damage induced by environmental factors such as free radicals, heat, ischaemia, and toxins, allowing denatured proteins to adopt their native configuration. Heat shock protein 27 (HSP27) is a member of the small HSP (sHSP) family of proteins and has a molecular weight of approximately 27 KDa. In addition to its role as a chaperone, it has also been reported to have many additional functions. These include effects on the apoptotic pathway, cell movement, and embryogenesis (1). It is suggested that HSP27 may play a key role in resistance to doxorubicin-induced cardiac dysfunction (2). Lower lymphocyte HSP27 levels might be associated with an increased risk of lung cancer (3). HSP27 expression is enhanced in target tissues of diabetic microvascular complications, and changes in circulating serum HSP27 levels (sHSP27) have been reported in patients with macrovascular disease (4).

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Human HSP27 ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human HSP27 in plasma, serum, milk, tissue extract, and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures human HSP27 in less than 5 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for human HSP27 has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. HSP27 in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for HSP27, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- **Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standards, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay.**

- **Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.**
- **Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.**
- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.

Reagents

- **Human HSP27 Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against human HSP27.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human HSP27 Standard:** Human HSP27 in a buffered protein base (160 ng, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Human HSP27 Antibody (50x):** A 50-fold concentrated biotinylated polyclonal antibody against HSP27 (140 μ l).
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (20 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrated (80 μ l).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μ l, 20-200 μ l, 200-1000 μ l, and multiple channel).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes and assay. Store samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as an anticoagulant).
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes. Collect the sample and assay. Store samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Lysates:** Place the cell culture dish in ice and wash the cells with ice-cold PBS. Drain the PBS, then add ice-cold lysis buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM Na₂EDTA, 1 mM EGTA, 1% Triton, 0.1 mM PMSF, 1 μ g/ml leupeptin, 1 μ g/mL aprotinin, and 1 μ g/mL pepstatin). Scrape adherent cells off the dish and then transfer the cell suspension into a pre-cooled microfuge tube. Maintain constant agitation for 30 minutes at 4°C. Centrifuge in a microcentrifuge at 4°C. Collect fresh cell lysates and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below.
- **Tissue:** Extract tissue samples with 50 mM phosphate-buffered saline (pH 7.4) containing 1% Triton X-100 and centrifuge at 14000 x *g* for 20 minutes. Collect the supernatant, measure the protein concentration, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below.
- **Milk:** Collect milk using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Milk dilution is suggested at 1:2 in EIA Diluent. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the EIA Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- **Standard Curve:** Reconstitute the 160 ng of Human HSP27 Standard with 2 ml of EIA Diluent to generate an 80 ng/ml standard solution. Allow the

standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (80 ng/ml) 1:4 with EIA Diluent to produce 20, 5, 1.25, and 0.313 ng/ml solutions. EIA Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

Standard Point	Dilution	[HSP27] (ng/ml)
P1	Standard (80 ng/ml)	80.00
P2	1 part P1 + 3 parts EIA Diluent	20.00
P3	1 part P2 + 3 parts EIA Diluent	5.000
P4	1 part P3 + 3 parts EIA Diluent	1.250
P5	1 part P4 + 3 parts EIA Diluent	0.313
P6	EIA Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Human HSP27 Antibody (50x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:50 with EIA Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with EIA Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 50 µl of Human HSP27 Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 µl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 µl of Biotinylated Human HSP27 Antibody to each well and incubate for 2 hours.

- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 15 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm **immediately**. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections. Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

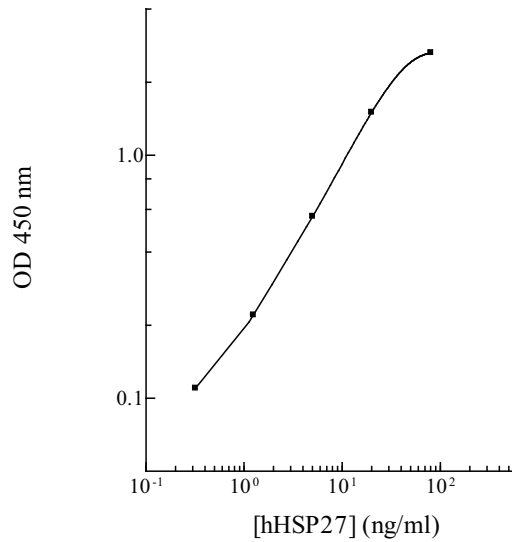
Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Human HSP27 Standard Curve



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of HSP27 is typically ~ 0.3 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.6% and 7.3% respectively.

Linearity

	Average Percentage of Expected Value
Sample Dilution	Milk
No dilution	90%
1:2	99%
1:4	101%

Recovery

Standard Added Value	1.25 – 20 ng/ml
Recovery %	89 – 109%
Average Recovery %	97%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	% Cross Reactivity
Canine	20%
Bovine	None
Monkey	50%
Mouse	None
Rat	20%
Swine	50%
Rabbit	None

Reference Value

- Normal human HSP27 plasma levels are <12 ng/ml.

References

- (1) Ferns G *et al.* (2006) *Int J Exp Pathol.* 87(4):253-74.
- (2) Liu L. *et al.* (2007) *Eur J Heart Fail.* 9(8):762-9.
- (3) Wang F. *et al.* (2008). *Cell Stress Chaperones.*
- (4) Gruden G, *et al.* (2008) *Diabetes.* 2008 Jul; 57(7):1966-70

Version 1.7